Equitile Investments ACS

Annual Report & Audited Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 December 2021





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\*These collectively comprise the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager's Report



### General Information

1. Board of Directors of the ACS Manager	Andrew McNally George Cooper Nigel Hellewell Thor Johan Furuholmen Xiyang He	Head office : 22 Tudor Street London EC4Y 0AY
Non-Executive Directors	Gerald Ashley Jakob Iqbal	Registered Office : 2nd Floor, Regis House 45 King William Street, London EC4R 9AN
2. Depositary	HSBC Bank Plc	8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom
3. Registrar	HSBC Bank Plc	8 Canada Square, London E14 5HQ, United Kingdom
4. Independent Auditors	PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP	7 More London, Riverside, London SE1 2RT United Kingdom



#### Equitile Investments ACS Overview

Equitile Investments ACS (the "Scheme") is an Authorised Contractual Scheme which is constituted as an umbrella Co-Ownership Scheme as defined under section 235A(2) of FSMA and the Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (Contractual Scheme) Regulations 2013 (SI 2013/1388) and the FCA Handbook (including the COLL Sourcebook) made under FSMA, and any other applicable rules made under FSMA from time to time in force. Equitile Investments Ltd (a Private Limited Company (the "Company")) is the appointed ACS Manager (the "Manager") and HSBC Bank Plc, is the appointed Depositary (the "Depositary") to whom the Scheme Property is entrusted for safekeeping.

The Scheme has segregated liability between sub-funds of the Scheme ("Funds"). The Scheme was authorised by the FCA on 16 December 2015. The Scheme is organised as an umbrella Co-Ownership Scheme and may be comprised of separate sub-funds and segregated portfolio of assets. Accordingly, the sub-funds assets are allocated exclusively to that sub-fund and shall not be used or made available to discharge (directly or indirectly) the liabilities of, or claims against, any other person or body, including any other sub-funds that may be established under the Scheme on a later date and shall not be available for any other purpose.

Except where otherwise stated or the context requires, capitalised terms have the meaning given to them in the Prospectus of the Scheme dated 16 April 2021.

#### Investment objective and policy

#### Equitile Resilience Fund

The Scheme currently has one sub-fund, Equitile Resilience Fund (the "Sub-Fund"), a UK UCITS Scheme under the COLL Sourcebook. The Sub-Fund was authorised by the FCA on 16 December 2015.

The Sub-Fund aims to generate capital growth by investing in today's most innovative, high growth companies. The investment process combines a quantitative and qualitative approach to build a diversified portfolio of between 35 to 40 high quality, large cap developed world companies. The investment process is designed to select the best stocks for the prevailing economic environment. It is explicitly engineered to adapt to changing economic circumstances, seeking to identify leading companies in rapidly growing industries.

The Sub-Fund is actively managed with the fund manager utilising their expertise to select investments to achieve the fund's objective. The Sub-Fund does no geographic or sector constraints and is benchmark agnostic. The Sub-Fund is typically close to fully invested in equities and does not rely on leverage or derivatives to generate returns.

Investors may assess the success of this strategy by considering, in combination, the average annual return of the Sub-Fund and the average annual maximum loss of the Sub-Fund where the annual maximum loss is defined as the largest percentage loss which an investor could have incurred by investing into and subsequently redeeming from the Sub-Fund within a given year.

In normal market conditions, the Sub-Fund will be close to fully invested in equity securities (e.g. shares). Allocations to bonds and cash may be made periodically for the purpose of capital preservation. Use may be made of cash holdings, hedging and other investment techniques for the purposes of efficient portfolio management as permitted by the COLL Sourcebook. The Sub-Fund will not utilise borrowing or leverage in order to achieve the investment objective. Short term borrowing may be used for the purposes of efficient portfolio management. The Sub-Fund may utilise derivatives for efficient portfolio construction and for hedging purposes.



#### Statement of the Manager's responsibilities in relation to the financial statements of the Scheme

The Financial Conduct Authority Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook (COLL) requires the Manager to prepare financial statements for each accounting year which give a true and fair view of the financial affairs of the Scheme and of its net revenue and net capital gains/losses on the property for the year.

In preparing those financial statements, the Manager is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- comply with the disclosure requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice relating to Financial Statements of UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association (now known as the Investment Association) in May 2014 (the "SORP"), amended in June 2017.
- comply with the Prospectus, generally accepted accounting principles and applicable accounting standards subject to any material departures which are required to be disclosed and explained in the financial statements.
- keep proper accounting records which enable it to demonstrate that the financial statements as prepared comply with the above requirements.
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Scheme will continue in operation for the foreseeable future.

The Manager is responsible for the management of the Scheme in accordance with the Regulations, the Coownership Deed and the Prospectus.

The Manager is also responsible for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



#### ACS Manager's Report to the Unitholders

As the sole Manager, Equitile Investments Ltd, presents its report and the audited financial statements of the Scheme for the year from 01 January 2021 to 31 December 2021. The Scheme is a UK UCITS Scheme which complies with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook. The unitholders are not liable for the debts of the Scheme. The Investment Objectives and Policies of each sub-fund of the Scheme are covered in the section for each sub-fund. The names and addresses of the Manager, the Depositary and the Auditors are detailed on page 2.

The object of the Scheme (which may be made up of a number of sub-funds) is to invest the Scheme Property through the sub-funds as set out in the Prospectus and the object of each sub-fund is for the ACS Manager on behalf of the Unitholders, as co-owners of the relevant sub-fund's property, to invest that property in transferable securities, money market instruments, derivatives and forward transactions, deposits, cash, near cash, and units in collective investment schemes in accordance with the Regulations applicable to the Scheme and each sub-fund with the aim of spreading investment risk and giving to the Unitholders the benefits of the results of the management of that property.

#### ACS Manager's Statement

In accordance with the requirements of the COLL as issued and amended by the Financial Conduct Authority, the report and financial statements are approved on behalf of the Directors of Equitile Investments Ltd, the ACS Manager.

Whige Hellewell

Andrew McNally CEO

Nigel Hellewell

21st April 2022



### Statement and Report of the Depositary

# Statement of the Depositary's Responsibilities in Respect of the Scheme and Report of the Depositary to the Unitholders of the Equitile Investments ACS ("the Scheme") for the Period Ended 31 December 2021.

The Depositary must ensure that the Scheme is managed in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority's Collective Investment Schemes Sourcebook, the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000, as amended, the Collective Investment in Transferable Securities (Contractual Scheme) Regulations 2013 (together "the Regulations") and the Contractual Scheme Deed and Prospectus (together the "Scheme documents") as detailed below.

The Depositary must in the context of its role act honestly, fairly, professionally, independently and in the interests of the Scheme and its investors. The Depositary is responsible for the safekeeping of all custodial assets and maintaining a record of all other assets of the Scheme in accordance with the Regulations.

The Depositary must ensure that:

- the Scheme's cash flows are properly monitored and that cash of the Scheme is booked in cash accounts in accordance with the Regulations;
- the sale, issue, repurchase, redemption and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the Regulations;
- the value of units of the Scheme are calculated in accordance with the Regulations;
- any consideration relating to transactions in the Scheme's assets is remitted to the Scheme within the usual time limits;
- the Scheme's income is applied in accordance with the Regulations; and
- the instructions of the Authorised Fund Manager ("the AFM"), which is the UCITS Management Company, are carried out (unless they conflict with the Regulations).

The Depositary also has a duty to take reasonable care to ensure that the Scheme is managed in accordance with the Regulations and the Scheme documents in relation to the investment and borrowing powers applicable to the Scheme.

Having carried out such procedures as we considered necessary to discharge our responsibilities as Depositary of the Scheme, it is our opinion, based on the information available to us and the explanations provided, that, in all material respects, the AFM:

(i) has carried out the issue, sale, redemption and cancellation, and calculation of the price of the Scheme's units and the application of the Scheme's income in accordance with the Regulations and Scheme documents of the Scheme; and

(ii) has observed the investment and borrowing powers and restrictions applicable to the scheme in accordance with the Regulations and Scheme documents of the Scheme.

### HSBC Bank plc

This report is given on the basis that no breaches are subsequently advised to us before the distribution date. We therefore reserve the right to amend the report in the light of such circumstances.

Yours sincerely

Claire Sewell

Senior Manager Trustee & Depositary



### Independent auditors' report to the Unitholders of Equitile Investments ACS

### Report on the audit of the financial statements

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Equitile Investment ACS (the "Scheme"):

- give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Scheme and its sub-fund as at 31 December 2021 and of the net revenue and the net capital gains on the scheme property of the Scheme and its sub-fund for the year then ended; and
  - have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards, comprising FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", and applicable law), the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds, the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook and the ACS Deed.

Equitile Investment ACS is an Authorised Contractual Scheme with a single sub-fund. The financial statements of the Scheme comprise the financial statements of its sub-fund. We have audited the financial statements, included within the Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements (the "Annual Report"), which comprise: the balance sheet as at 31 December 2021; the statement of total return and the statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders for the year then ended; the distribution tables; and the notes to the financial statements, which include a description of the significant accounting policies.

#### Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) ("ISAs (UK)") and applicable law. Our responsibilities under ISAs (UK) are further described in the Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Independence

We remained independent of the Scheme in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, which includes the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

#### Conclusions relating to going concern

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Scheme's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date on which the financial statements are authorised for issue.

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

However, because not all future events or conditions can be predicted, this conclusion is not a guarantee as to the Scheme or the sub fund's ability to continue as a going concern.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### Reporting on other information

The other information comprises all of the information in the Annual Report other than the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. The Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager is responsible for the other information. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion or, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in this report, any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify an apparent material inconsistency or material misstatement, we are required to perform procedures to conclude whether there is a material misstatement of the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report based on these responsibilities.

Based on our work undertaken in the course of the audit, the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook requires us also to report certain opinions as described below.

#### Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager's Report

In our opinion, the information given in the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager's Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### Responsibilities for the financial statements and the audit

Responsibilities of the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Manager's responsibilities, the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable framework and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view.

The Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager is also responsible for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager is responsible for assessing the Scheme's and its sub-fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager either intends to wind up or terminate the Scheme or its sub-fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



### Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud, is detailed below.

Based on our understanding of the Scheme and its industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to breaches of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements, in particular those parts of the sourcebook which may directly impact on the determination of amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries to increase revenue or to increase the net asset value of the Scheme Audit procedures performed included:

Discussions with the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager, including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;

Reviewing relevant meeting minutes, including those of the Authorised Contractual Scheme Manager board of directors; Identifying and testing journal entries, specifically any journals posted as part of the financial year end close process; and

Designing audit procedures to incorporate unpredictability around the nature, timing or extent of our testing

There are inherent limitations in the audit procedures described above. We are less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that are not closely related to events and transactions reflected in the financial statements. Also, the risk of not detecting a material misstatement due to fraud is higher than the risk of not detecting one resulting from error, as fraud may involve deliberate concealment by, for example, forgery or intentional misrepresentations, or through collusion.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditors' report.

#### Use of this report

This report, including the opinions, has been prepared for and only for the Scheme's unitholders as a body in accordance with paragraph 4.5.12 of the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook as required by paragraph 67(2) of the Open-Ended Investment Companies Regulations 2001 and for no other purpose. We do not, in giving these opinions, accept or assume responsibility for any other purpose or to any other person to whom this report is shown or into whose hands it may come save where expressly agreed by our prior consent in writing.

### Other required reporting

### Opinion on matter required by the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook

In our opinion, we have obtained all the information and explanations we consider necessary for the purposes of the audit.

### Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook exception reporting

Under the Collective Investment Schemes sourcebook we are also required to report to you if, in our opinion:

proper accounting records have not been kept; or the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records.

We have no exceptions to report arising from this responsibility.

PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Chartered Accountants and Statutory Auditors [Office] [Date]



#### Sub-Fund Review (Unaudited)

As at 31 December 2021, the Scheme had 1 active sub-fund:

Fund – Equitile Resilience Fund Launch Date – 29 February 2016 Base currency - GBP

#### Investment Review

Please note this investment review is for the financial year from 01 January 2021 to 31 December 2021.

#### Performance and Market Review

For the second consecutive year the global economy has been dominated by issues relating to the COVID19 virus and government's responses to it. That said, by the fourth quarter of the year many jurisdictions were starting the process of relaxing rules that had been restricting many areas of economic activity.

2021 was essentially a year of continued and accelerating recovery from the especially strict restrictions on economic and social activity implemented during 2020. The recovery was strengthened both by the release of pent-up demand and the accumulated excess household savings accumulated during lockdowns because of furlough and other government aid programs. In this respect the COVID19 recession was unique in that it resulted in a significant strengthening of the average household balance sheet.

With the strong tailwind of robust household spending aided by stimulative monetary and fiscal policies 2021 was a year of strong economic growth which helped propel many global stock markets to new highs. We are pleased to report the Fund fully participated in the market gains with the GBP share class benefiting from a unit price gain of approximately 31%.

Although some changes to the composition of the Fund's investment portfolio were made during the year its overall structure remained unchanged. Once again, the Fund's portfolio has been dominated by investments in US large-cap high-growth companies, representing typically around 75% of the portfolio. Throughout the year the Fund has held substantial investments semiconductor manufacturing companies and those supporting the semiconductor industry, where supply constraints and therefore pricing power remains elevated.

It is now clear that the period of enforced remote working during 2020 and 2021 have triggered a change to working and living patterns which have significantly accelerated what we have characterised as the transition from the physical to the virtual economy. This shift in activity is continuing to support the revenue and therefor valuations of technology companies, especially those supplying and supporting the infrastructure necessary for remote working.

#### <u>Outlook</u>

COVID-19 related economic restrictions have already been or are in the process of being substantially relaxed. Accordingly, we expect to see a substantial degree of normalization of economic activity in 2022, perhaps with a substantial rebound in international travel. That said, the economic recovery of 2021 was accompanied by a resurgence of inflationary pressures which intensified toward the end of the year. To some degree this higher inflation can be expected to abate as supply chain bottlenecks are worked through during the year. However, the substantial fiscal deficits incurred during 2020 and 2021 give governments a strong incentive to monetize (inflate) away the real burden of their accumulated debts. For this reason, there are reasons to expect a shift toward a structurally higher rate of inflation in post-Covid environment.

The degree to which central banks choose to respond to these elevated inflationary pressures will likely set the tone of the markets through 2022. For our part we will be aiming to keep the Fund's investment portfolio concentrated in companies with the ability to maintain margins in and benefit from this higher inflationary environment.

With uncertainty remaining on the likely response of central banks we expect 2022 to have greater financial turbulence than 2021, as is already being seen in the first weeks of the year. We will therefor likely continue holding a portfolio of highly liquid large cap investments for the foreseeable future.

#### Synthetic Risk and Reward Indicator (SRRI)

Lower risk	Higher risk
Typically lower returns	Typically higher returns

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
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The Sub-Fund is classified category 6 because the investment policy of the Fund means it will typically be predominantly invested in the equity markets and will therefore be exposed to the relatively high volatility of the equity market. Please note that even the lowest ranking does not mean risk-free.

The Risk and Reward indicator demonstrates where the Sub-Fund ranks in terms of its potential risk and reward. The higher the rank the greater the potential reward but the greater the risk of losing money. It is based on past data, may change over time and may not be a reliable indication of the future risk profile of the Sub-Fund.



### Comparative Tables

The 'Return after operating charges' disclosed in the Comparative Tables is calculated as a return after operating charges per unit divided by the opening net asset value per unit. It differs from the Sub-Fund's performance disclosed in the ACD's report which is calculated based on the latest published price.

Portfolio transaction costs are incurred when investments are bought or sold by the Sub-Fund in order to achieve the investment objective. Direct transaction costs include broker commission and taxes. Broker commission includes the fee to a broker to execute the trades. Equitile does not buy external research.

Comparative Table Class A1			
For the year ended 31 December 2021	GBP	GBP	GBP
Class A1 Resilience GBP Acc	31.12.21	31.12.20	31.12.19
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	185.83	161.43	120.32
Return before operating charges*	60.04	25.82	42.32
Operating charges^	(1.76)	(1.42)	(1.21)
Return after operating charges	58.28	24.40	41.11
Distribution on accumulation units	(113.64)	0.00	(0.24)
Retained distribution on accumulation units	113.64	0.00	0.24
Closing net asset value per unit	244.11	185.83	161.43
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.18	0.10	0.18
Performance			
Return after charges	31.36%	15.11%	34.17%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (£'000)	160,645	113,851	143,964
Closing number of units	658,089	612,652	891,787
Operating charges <sup>^</sup>	0.84%	0.87%	0.84%
Direct transaction costs	0.08%	0.06%	0.12%
Prices - GBP			
Highest unit price	249.08	189.17	162.43
Lowest unit price	178.22	121.79	117.92

of the Sub-Fund.



Comparative Table Class X3			
For the year ended 31 December 2021	USD	USD	USD
Class X3 Resilience USD Acc	31.12.21	31.12.20	31.12.19
Change in net assets per unit			
Opening net asset value per unit	211.11	159.12	116.46
Return before operating charges*	64.84	53.55	44.08
Operating charges^	(2.14)	(1.56)	(1.42)
Return after operating charges	62.70	51.99	42.66
Distribution on accumulation units	(75.57)	0.00	(0.23)
Retained distribution on accumulation units	75.57	0.00	0.23
Closing net asset value per unit	273.81	211.11	159.12
* after direct transaction costs of:	0.19	0.11	0.18
Performance			
Return after charges	29.70%	32.67%	36.63%
Other information			
Closing net asset value (\$'000)	3,668	16,679	23,636
Closing number of units	13,394	79,007	148,532
Operating charges^	0.94%	0.85%	0.95%
Direct transaction costs	0.08%	0.06%	0.12%
Prices - USD			
Highest unit price	276.67	212.11	159.87
Lowest unit price	204.72	117.71	114.18

^Operating charges, otherwise known as the OCF is the ratio of the Sub-Fund's total costs to the average net



### Summary of Material Portfolio Changes for the Sub-Fund

The top ten purchases and sales for the year ended 31 December 2021 were as follows:

Purchases		Sales	
	Cost		Proceeds
	£'000		£'000
Rio Tinto	4,372	Fedex	4,153
BHP Group	4,351	BHP Group	3,660
LVMH	4,257	United Parcel Services 'B' Shares	3,575
Dassault Systemes	3,747	Rio Tinto	3,493
MSCI	3,693	Adobe Systems	3,432
Fortinet	3,632	Micron Technology	3,067
PayPal	3,393	PayPal	2,984
Intuit	3,371	Activision	2,875
Micron Technology	3,352	Newmont Mining	2,758
Hermes International	3,279	Amazon.com	2,459
Subtotal	37,447	Subtotal	32,456
Total purchases during the year:	60,978	Total sales during the year:	60,965

Top 10 holdings	As at 31.12.21
Nvidia	6.00%
ASML	5.44%
Apple	4.07%
Broadcom	3.93%
Lam Research	3.78%
Cadence Design Systems	3.70%
Microsoft	3.44%
Synopsys	3.33%
Intuitive Surgical	3.32%
Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing	3.28%



#### EQUITILE RESILIENCE FUND

Portfolio of Investments of the Sub-Fund (unaudited)

As at 31 December 2021			
Portfolio of investments			
Holding	Investment	Market value Total £'000	value of Sub- Fund %
UNITED KINGDOM - 2.47% (1.0-	4%)		
Chemicals – 2.47% (1.04%)			
40,000	Croda International	4,034	2.47
Total United Kingdom		4,034	2.47
UNITED STATES - 69.53% (78.65	5%)		
Consumer Electronics – 4.07% (	5.04%)		
50,500	Apple	6,646	4.07
Consumer Goods – 0.00% (3.37			
Consumer Services – 3.63% (3.6	1%)		
1,100	Amazon.com	2,739	1.68
2,000	FactSet Research Systems	718	0.44
14,500	Target	2,467	1.51
Diversified Manufacturing – 3.9			
14,340	Danaher	3,494	2.14
11,500	Sherwin-Williams	2,974	1.82
Financial Services – 5.17% (3.829		4.02.4	2.00
7,150	BlackRock	4,834	2.96
8,000	MSCI	3,615	2.21
Industrial Transportation – 0.80		1 2 1 2	0.00
5,000	Old Dominion Freight Line	1,313	0.80
Medical Technology – 7.80% (9.	.08%)		
30,000	Edwards Lifesciences	2,889	1.77
20,200	Intuitive Surgical	5,424	3.32
9,000	Thermo Fisher Scientific	4,436	2.71
Microelectronic Manufacturing	– 19.96% (16.65%)		
26,000	Advanced Micro Devices	2,821	1.73
42,000	Applied Materials	4,918	3.01
14,300	KLA Tencor	4,535	2.78
11,600	Lam Research	6,182	3.78
44,600	Nvidia	9,808	6.00
31,000	Texas Instruments	4,338	2.66
Mining - 0.00% (2.25%)			
Software – 24.14% (26.00%)			
7,500	Adobe Systems	3,148	1.93
2,270	Alphabet 'A' Shares	4,888	2.99
13,000	Broadcom	6,424	3.93
44,000	Cadence Design Systems	6,039	3.70
15,500	Fortinet	4,135	2.53
7,900	Intuit	3,742	2.29
22,500	Microsoft	5,616	3.44
20,000	Synopsys	5,435	3.33
Total United States		113,578	69.53



Industrial Metals - 0.00% (1.47%) Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology - 0.00% (0.76%) FRANCE - 7.88% (0.00%) Luxury Goods - 5.47% (0.00%) 3,080 Hermes International 3,955 2.42 8,200 LVMH 4,983 3.05 Software - 2.41% (0.00%) 90,000 Dassault Systemes 3,940 2.41 Total France 12,878 7.88 IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%) Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%) Total France 5,352 3.28 IAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%) 36,000 Hoya 3,959 2.42 8,400 Keyence 3,904 2.39 Total Japan 7,863 4.81 NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%) Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.46% (4.81%) 60,000 Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing 5.363 3.28 Portfolio of investments 1.995 1.22 Net assets 1.995 1.22	AUSTRALIA - 0.00% (2.23%)			
FRANCE - 7.88% (0.00%)           Luxury Goods - 5.47% (0.00%)           3,080         Hernes International           3,955         2.42           8,200         LVMH           4,983         3.05           Software - 2.41% (0.00%)         3,940           90,000         Dassault Systemes         3,940           17,517         7.88           IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)         7.88           Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)         7.852           Total Ireland         5,352           17,525         Accenture           7,525         3.283           Total Ireland         5,352           JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         3,959           2.42         3,904           8,400         Keyence           3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         4.81           Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         4.80           10,970         ASML         8,880           5.44         SML         8,880           Steal         3,416         2.09           Total Japan         7,41         3,416         2.09           Consolits - 2.09				
Luxury Goods - 5.47% (0.00%) 3,080 Hermes International 3,955 2.42 8,200 LVMH 4,983 3.05 Software - 2.41% (0.00%) 90,000 Dassault Systemes 3,940 2.41 Total France 12.878 7.88 IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%) Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%) Total Japan 5,352 3.28 Accenture 5,352 3.28 JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%) Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%) 36,000 Hoya 3,959 2.42 8,400 Keyence 3,904 2.39 Total Japan 7,863 4.81 NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%) Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%) 14,970 ASML 8,880 5.44 SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%) Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%) Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%) Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%) Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3	Pharmaceuticals & Biotechnology - 0.0	0% (0.76%)		
3,080         Hermes International         3,955         2.42           8,200         LVMH         4,983         3.05           Software – 2.41% (0.00%)         90,000         Dassault Systemes         3,940         2.41           Total France         12,878         7.88         IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)         7.88           Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)         5.352         3.28         7.82         3.28           Total Ireland         5.352         3.28         7.83         1.7,525         Accenture         5.352         3.28           JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         5.352         3.28         7.863         4.81         7.863         4.81           Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         3.904         2.39         7.863         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         7.863         4.81         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         7.863         4.81           NETHERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         14.970         ASML         8.880         5.44           Switzerland         3.416         2.09         7.41         7.863         3.416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3.416         2.09         7.863         3.28         7.863         3.28				
8,200         LVMH         4,983         3.05           Software - 2.41% (0.00%)         90,000         Dassault Systemes         3,940         2.41           Total France         12,878         7.88         7.88           IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)         7.525         Accenture         5,352         3.28           Total Ireland         5,352         3.28         3.28         17,525         Accenture         5,352         3.28           JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         36,000         Hoya         3,959         2.42         8,400         Keyence         3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863         4.81         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         4.970         ASML         8,880         5.44           MitzeRLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         14,970         ASML         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09         10,098         5ika         3,416         2.09           Total Vitzerland         3,416         2.09         7         7         7         7         2.28         7         2.29         2.42         3,416         2.09         7         7         3 </th <th>Luxury Goods - 5.47% (0.00%)</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>	Luxury Goods - 5.47% (0.00%)			
Software - 2.41% (0.00%)       3,940       2.41         Total France       12,878       7.88         IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)       7.88       7.88         Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)       5,352       3.28         Total France       5,352       3.28         IT/.525       Accenture       5,352       3.28         JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)       5,352       3.28         JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)       3,959       2.42         8,400       Keyence       3,904       2.39         Total Japan       7,863       4.81         NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)       7.863       4.81         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)       8.880       5.44         Total Netherlands       8,880       5.44         SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)       60,000       11,098       3,416       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09       7       7       3.28       14.970         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)       60,000       14.970       3.416       2.09       10,098       3.416       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09       10,008       3.416       2.09         Total Switzerland	3,080	Hermes International	3,955	2.42
90,00         Dassault Systemes         3,940         2,41           Total France         12,878         7,88           IRELAND - 3,28% (2,70%)	8,200 I	VMH	4,983	3.05
Total France         12,878         7.88           IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)         Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)         Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)           Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)         5,352         3.28           Total Ireland         5,352         3.28           JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         3,959         2.42           8,400         Heyan         3,959         2.42           8,400         Keyence         3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970         ASML         8,880         5.44           Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970         ASML         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         11,098         Sika         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09         11,098         Sika         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09         11,098         Sika         3,28         120           Total Switzerland         5,363         3.28         120         14,816         2.09         120 <td>Software – 2.41% (0.00%)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Software – 2.41% (0.00%)			
IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)         Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)         17,525       Accenture         5,352       3.28         JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         36,000       Hoya         3,959       2.42         8,400       Keyence         3,904       2.39         Total Japan       7,863         NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970       ASML         70tal Nutreelands       8,880         5.44       Total Netherlands         8,880       5.44         SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)       Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)       Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         11,098       Sika       3,416       2.09         12WAN - 3.28% (4.81%)       60,000       Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing       5,363       3.28         Portfolio of investments       161,364       98.78       3.28         Net other assets       1.995       1.22	90,000	Dassault Systemes	3,940	2.41
Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)       5,352       3.28         Total Ireland       5,352       3.28         JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)       5,352       3.28         JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)       36,000       Hoya       3,959       2.42         8,400       Keyence       3,904       2.39         Total Japan       7,863       4.81         NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)       8.880       5.44         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)       8.880       5.44         Total Netherlands       8.880       5.44         SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)       Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)       60,000       3.416       2.09         Total Switzerland       5,363       3.28       3.28         Total Taiwan       5,363       3.28       3.28         Portfolio of investments       161,364       98.78       3.28         Net other assets       1.995       1.22       400	Total France		12,878	7.88
17,525         Accenture         5,352         3.28           Total Ireland         5,352         3.28           JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         J           Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         36,000         Hoya           36,000         Hoya         3,959         2.42           8,400         Keyence         3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         4.81         4.81           Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         8,880         5.44           Total Netherlands         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         11,098         Sika         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09         11,098         Sika         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,2416         2.09         11,098         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,2416         2.09         11,098         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         5,363         3.28         5,363         3.28         100,00         Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing         5,363         3.28	IRELAND - 3.28% (2.70%)			
Total Ireland         5,352         3.28           JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)         Japan         5,352         3.28           Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         3,959         2.42           36,000         Hoya         3,959         2.42           8,400         Keyence         3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         4.81           14,970         ASML         8,880         5.44           Total Netherlands         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         2.09           Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09         14,908         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09         10,028         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,28% (4.81%)         3,416         2.09         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020         14,020	Consulting - 3.28% (2.70%)			
Interviewed and acturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         Diversified Manufacturing - 4.81% (4.20%)         36,000         Hoya         3,904         Total Japan         Total Japan         Total Japan         NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970         ASML         Total Netherlands         S.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970         ASML         S.44% (4.59%)         14,970         ASML         S.44% (4.59%)         Colspan="2">Colspan="2">S.44% (4.59%)         Total Netherlands         S.44% (4.59%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 3.28% (4.81%)         Ottal Switzerland         S.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)         Gottal Taiwan       S.3	17,525	Accenture		
Diversified Manufacturing – 4.81% (4.20%) $3,959$ $2.42$ $36,000$ Hoya $3,959$ $2.42$ $8,400$ Keyence $3,904$ $2.39$ Total Japan $7,863$ $4.81$ NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970       ASML $8,880$ $5.44$ Total Netherlands $8,880$ $5.44$ SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         Total Switzerland $3,416$ $2.09$ Total Switzerland $3,416$ $2.09$ Total Switzerland $3,613$ $3.28$ Microelectronic Manufacturing - $3.28\%$ ( $4.81\%$ )         Microelectronic Manufacturing - $3.28\%$ ( $4.81\%$ ) $5.363$ $3.28$ Total Taiwan $5.363$ $3.28$ Total Taiwan $5.363$ $3.28$ Portfolio of investments $161,364$ $98.78$ Net other assets $1.995$ $1.22$	Total Ireland		5,352	3.28
36,000         Hoya         3,959         2.42           8,400         Keyence         3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)             Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         8,880         5.44           Total Netherlands         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)             Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)             Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)             Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Into Sika         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           IAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)             Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)             60,000         Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing         5,363         3.28           Total Taiwan         5,363         3.28            Portfolio of investments         161,364         98.78           Net other assets         1,995         1.22	JAPAN - 4.81% (4.20%)			
8,400         Keyence         3,904         2.39           Total Japan         7,863         4.81           NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)             Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)             14,970         ASML         8,880         5.44           Total Netherlands         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)             Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)             Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)             Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)             60,000         Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing         5,363         3.28           Total Taiwan         5,363         3.28         3.28           Portfolio of investments         161,364         98.78           Net other assets         1,995         1.22	Diversified Manufacturing – 4.81% (4.20	)%)		
Total Japan       7,863       4.81         NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)       4.81         Microelectronic Manufacturing – 5.44% (4.59%)       8,880       5.44         Total Netherlands       8,880       5.44         SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)       60,00%       60,00%         Chemicals – 2.09% (0.00%)       7,863       3,416         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         Total Taiwan       5,363       3.28         Portfolio of investments       161,364       98.78         Net other assets       1,995       1.22		,		
NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)         Microelectronic Manufacturing - 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970       ASML         8,880       5.44         Total Netherlands       8,880       5.44         SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)		Keyence		
Microelectronic Manufacturing – 5.44% (4.59%)         14,970       ASML       8,880       5.44         Total Netherlands       8,880       5.44         SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%) $(0.00\%)$ $(0.00\%)$ Chemicals – 2.09% (0.00%) $(0.00\%)$ $(0.00\%)$ Total Switzerland $3,416$ $2.09$ Total Switzerland $3,633$ $3.28$ Microelectronic Manufacturing – $3.28\%$ ( $4.81\%$ ) $4.81\%$ $3.28$ Total Taiwan $5,363$ $3.28$ Portfolio of investments $161,364$ $98.78$ Net other assets $1,995$ $1.22$	Total Japan		7,863	4.81
14,970         ASML         8,880         5.44           Total Netherlands         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)             Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)             Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)             Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)             60,000         Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing         5,363         3.28           Total Taiwan         5,363         3.28            Portfolio of investments         161,364         98.78           Net other assets         1,995         1.22	NETHERLANDS - 5.44% (4.59%)			
Total Netherlands         8,880         5.44           SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)         5ika         3,416         2.09           Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)         60,000         Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing         5,363         3.28           Total Taiwan         5,363         3.28         3.28         101,364         98.78           Portfolio of investments         161,364         98.78         1,995         1.22	Microelectronic Manufacturing – 5.44%	6 (4.59%)		
SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)           Chemicals - 2.09% (0.00%)           11,098         Sika           3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)         Image: Sika structure         3,416         2.09           Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)         Image: Sika structure         5,363         3.28           Total Taiwan         5,363         3.28         3.28           Portfolio of investments         161,364         98.78           Net other assets         1,995         1.22	14,970	ASML	÷	
Chemicals – 2.09% (0.00%)       3,416       2.09         11,098       Sika       3,416       2.09         Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)           Microelectronic Manufacturing – 3.28% (4.81%)           60,000       Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing       5,363       3.28         Total Taiwan       5,363       3.28         Portfolio of investments       161,364       98.78         Net other assets       1,995       1.22	Total Netherlands		8,880	5.44
11,098         Sika         3,416         2.09           Total Switzerland         3,416         2.09           TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)          2.09           Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)             60,000         Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing         5,363         3.28           Total Taiwan         5,363         3.28           Portfolio of investments         161,364         98.78           Net other assets         1,995         1.22	SWITZERLAND - 2.09% (0.00%)			
Total Switzerland       3,416       2.09         TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)          Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)       5,363       3.28         60,000       Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing       5,363       3.28         Total Taiwan       5,363       3.28         Portfolio of investments       161,364       98.78         Net other assets       1,995       1.22	. ,			
TAIWAN - 3.28% (4.81%)Microelectronic Manufacturing - 3.28% (4.81%)60,000Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing5,3633.28Total Taiwan5,363Portfolio of investments161,364Net other assets1,995122	11,098	sika		
Microelectronic Manufacturing – 3.28% (4.81%)60,000Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing5,3633.28Total Taiwan5,36390 of investments161,36498.781,9951,22162,350			3,416	2.09
60,000Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing5,3633.28Total Taiwan5,3633.28Portfolio of investments161,36498.78Net other assets1,9951.22				
Total Taiwan5,3633.28Portfolio of investments161,36498.78Net other assets1,9951.22	3			
Portfolio of investments161,36498.78Net other assets1,9951.22162,350100.000		Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing		
Net other assets1,9951.22100.00100.00	Total Taiwan		5,363	3.28
102.000	Portfolio of investments		161,364	98.78
Net assets 163,359 100.00	Net other assets		1,995	1.22
	Net assets		163,359	100.00

The comparative percentage figures in brackets are at 31 December 2020.

All investments are listed on recognised stock exchanges and are "approved securities" within the meaning of the FCA rules unless otherwise stated.



### Financial Statements of the Sub-Fund

#### Statement of Total Return

This statement of total return is prepared in accordance with IMA SORP 2014. The financial statements are prepared in the base currency (Sterling) of the Sub-Fund.

			Year ended	Year ended
	Note	£'000	31.12.21 £'000	31.12.20 £'000 £'000
Income				
Net capital gains Revenue	1 2	2,010	37,561	29,805 1,696
Expenses Interest payable and similar charges	3	(1,152)		(1,544) (9)
Net revenue before taxation		858		143
Taxation	4	(135)		(258)
Net revenue/(expense) after taxation			723	(115)
Total return before distributions			38,284	29,690
Distributions	5		(723)	49
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders				
from investment activities			37,561	29,739

#### Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders

The statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders reconciles the opening and closing net assets attributable to unitholders.

		Year ended 31.12.21		Year ended 31.12.20
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Opening net assets attributable to unitholders		126,063		161,851
Movement due to issue and cancellation of units:				
Amounts receivable on issue of units	12,284		58,610	
Amounts payable on cancellation of units	(13,326)		(124,295)	
		(1,042)		(65,685)
Dilution adjustment		22		158
Change in net assets attributable to unitholders				
from investment activities (see above)		37,561		29,739
Retained distribution on accumulation units		755		-
Closing net assets attributable to unitholders		163,359		126,063



### **Balance Sheet**

		As at	As at
		31.12.21	31.12.20
	Note	£'000	£'000
Assets:			
Fixed Assets			
Investments		161,364	123,822
Current assets:			
Debtors	6	129	157
Cash and bank balances	7	2,044	2,287
Total assets		163,537	126,266
Liabilities:			
Creditors:			
Other creditors	8	(178)	(203)
Total liabilities		(178)	(203)
Net assets attributable to unitholders		163,359	126,063



### 1. Net capital gains

	Year ended	Year ended
	31.12.21	31.12.20
	£'000	£'000
Non-derivative securities gains	37,529	44,095
Forward currency contracts losses	-	(13,997)
Currency gains/(losses)	37	(282)
Transaction charges	(5)	(11)
Net capital gains	37,561	29,805

### 2. Revenue

	Year ended 31.12.21	Year ended 31.12.20
	£'000	£'000
UK dividends	678	-
Overseas dividends	1,332	1,690
Deposit interest	-	1
Bank interest		5
Total revenue	2,010	1,696

### 3. Expenses

	Year ended 31.12.21 £'000	Year ended 31.12.20 £'000
Payable to the Manager or associate		
Management fee	960	1,258
Payable to the Trustee or associate		
Trustee fee	67	94
Fund accounting fee	116	129
Safe custody fee	10	10
Share class hedging fee*	(24)	33
Transfer agency & registrars fee	6	6
Total payable to the Trustee or associate	175	272
Other expenses		
Audit fee**	17	14
Total other expenses	17	14
Total expenses	1,152	1,544
* The Sub Fund suspended its share slass bedging activities in the prior year		

\* The Sub-Fund suspended its share class hedging activities in the prior year – the outstanding accrual has been written down in the current year.

\*\*The audit fee is inclusive of VAT



#### 4. Taxation

	Year ended 31.12.21	Year ended 31.12.20
	£'000	£'000
Analysis of charge in the year		
Overseas tax	135	258
Total taxation	135	258

As the Scheme is an umbrella co-ownership ACS neither the Scheme nor its Sub-Funds are subject to UK tax on income or capital profits.

#### 5. Distributions

Year ended	Year ended
31.12.21	31.12.20
£'000	£'000
755	_
(4)	(55)
(28)	6
723	(49)
	31.12.21 £'000 755 (4) (28)

The differences between the net revenue/(expense) after taxation and the distributions for the year are as follows:

Net revenue/(expense) after taxation for the year	723	(115)
Deficit taken to capital	-	66
Total distributions	723	(49)

### 6. Debtors

	As at	As at
	31.12.21	31.12.20
	£'000	£'000
Accrued dividends	94	118
Accrued recoverable tax	35	35
Accrued bank interest	-	4
Total debtors	129	157

### 7. Cash and bank balances

	As at 31.12.21 <i>£</i> '000	As at 31.12.20 £'000
Cash and bank balances	2,044	2,287
Total cash and bank balances	2,044	2,287

### 8. Other creditors

	As at	As at
	31.12.21	31.12.20
	£'000	£'000
Accrued expenses	178	203
Total other creditors	178	203



#### 9. Reconciliation of units

	Class A1 Resilience GBP Acc	Class X3 Resilience USD Acc
Opening units in issue	612,652	79,007
Unit movements in year:		
Units issued	59,254	-
Units cancelled		(65,613)
Closing units at 31.12.21	658,089	13,394

#### 10. Contingent assets, liabilities and outstanding commitments

There were no contingent assets, liabilities or commitments at the year end (2020 - £Nil).

### 11. Related parties

The Fund's Manager, Equitile Investments Ltd is a related party to the Sub-Fund as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102.33 'Related Party Disclosures'.

Management fees paid to Equitile Investments Ltd are shown in note 3 and details of units issued and cancelled by the Manager are shown in the statement of change in net assets attributable to unitholders. The balance due to the Manager at the year end in respect of Management fees was £193,320 (2020 - £94,758). Any balance due from the Manager in respect of issues is shown in note 6. Any balance due to the Manager in respect of cancellations is shown in note 8.

The Equitile Resilience Feeder Fund as a feeder vehicle for the Fund holds units comprising 98.10% (2020 - 89.50%) of the total net assets of the Sub-Fund.



### 12. Financial instruments

The policies applied in the management of risk disclosures are set out on pages 25 to 27.

#### Fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities

The fair values of the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities are represented by the values shown in the balance sheet on page 16. There were no instances of invoking the Fair Value Pricing for the year (2020: nil).

#### Currency exposures

A significant proportion of the Sub-Fund's assets are denominated in currencies other than Sterling, with the effect that the balance sheet and total return can be affected by currency movements. For further details, refer to 'Currency Risk' section titled 'Risk Management Frameworks' (on Page 27).

#### Net currency asset exposure as at 31.12.21

Currency	Net other assets £'000 31.12.21	Investments £'000 31.12.21	Total £'000 31.12.21
Euro	17	21,758	21,775
Japanese Yen	9	7,863	7,872
Swiss Franc	18	3,416	3,434
US Dollar	2,065	124,293	126,358
Sterling	(114)	4,034	3,920
Total	1,995	161,364	163,359

A 5% change in the exchange rate £/Euro, £/Japanese Yen, £/Swiss Franc and £/US Dollar will move the Net Asset Value of the fund by £7,972,000. The Sub-Fund no longer employs Asset Hedging Strategy hence there may be a material impact of currency movements on the NAV of the Sub-Fund.

#### Net currency asset exposure as at 31.12.20

Currency	Net other assets £'000 31.12.20	Investments £'000 31.12.20	Total £'000 31.12.20
Australian Dollar	-	2,818	2,818
Euro	17	5,785	5,802
Japanese Yen	-	5,293	5,293
Swiss Franc	18	-	18
US Dollar	2,320	108,610	110,930
Sterling	(114)	1,316	1,202
Total	2,241	123,822	126,063

A 5% change in the exchange rate £/Australian Dollar, £/Euro, £/Japanese Yen, £/Swiss Franc and £/US Dollar will move the Net Asset Value of the Sub-Fund by £6,243,100. It should be noted that in addition, the Sub-Fund employs an Asset Hedging strategy that has a performance criteria of 95-105% - this strategy is designed to materially reduce the impact of currency movements on the NAV of the Sub-Fund.

#### Counterparty Exposure and Collateral

There was no counterparty or collateral exposure at the balance sheet date (2020 - £Nil).



### 13. Transaction costs

Analysis of total purchases costs	Value	Comr	nissions	Taxes and e	expenses To	tal after transac	tion cost
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	%
Equity transactions	60,878	14	0.02	86	0.14	60,978	0.16
Total	60,878	14	0.02	86	0.14	60,978	0.16

#### Analysis of total sales costs Value Commissions Taxes and expenses Total after transaction cost £'000 £'000 £'000 % % £'000 % 0.00 0.02 Equity transactions 60,981 15 0.02 1 60,965 60,981 15 0.02 1 0.00 60,965 0.02 Total

There were no transaction costs on derivatives during the year.

Commissions and taxes as percentage of average net asset value:

Commissions 0.02%

Taxes and Expenses 0.06%

At the balance sheet date the portfolio dealing spread was 0.30%, being the difference between the respective bid and offer prices for the Sub-Fund's investments.

Year ended 31.12.20							
Analysis of total purchases costs	Value	Comn	nissions	Taxes and e	expenses	Total after transac	tion cost
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	%
Equity transactions	101,281	20	0.02	38	0.04	101,339	0.06
Total	101,281	20	0.02	38	0.04	101,339	0.06
Year ended 31.12.20							

Analysis of total sales costs	Value	Comn	nissions	Taxes and	expenses	Total after transac	tion cost
	£'000	£'000	%	£'000	%	£'000	%
Equity transactions	181,188	43	0.02	3	0.00	181,142	0.02
Total	181,188	43	0.02	3	0.00	181,142	0.02
	101,100	15	0.02	5	0.00	101,112	

There were no transaction costs on derivatives during the year.

Commissions and taxes as percentage of average net asset value:

Commissions 0.04%

Taxes and Expenses 0.02%

At the balance sheet date the portfolio dealing spread was 0.26%, being the difference between the respective bid and offer prices for the Sub-Fund's investments.



### 14. Portfolio fair value hierarchy

The fair values of the Sub-Fund's assets and liabilities are represented by the values shown in the balance sheet. There is no material difference between the value of the financial assets and liabilities, as shown in the balance sheet, and their fair values.

The fair value of investments has been determined using the following hierarchy:

Category 1: The unadjusted quoted price in an active market for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Category 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable (i.e. developed using market data) for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Category 3: Inputs are unobservable (i.e for which market data is unavailable) for the asset or liability.

An analysis of the portfolio's investment assets and liabilities in accordance with the fair value hierarchy is noted below: As at 31.12.21					
	1	2	3	Total	
Investments	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Equities	161,364	-	-		
Total	161,364	-	-		

An analysis of the portfolio's investment assets and liabilities in accordance with the fair value hierarchy is noted below: As at 3112.20

/ 15 GT 51.1E.E0				
	1	2	3	Total
Investments	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Equities	123,822	-	-	
Total	123,822	-	-	

### 15. Post balance sheet events

Subsequent to the year end, there has been significant market turmoil uncertainties linked to the Russian invasion of Ukraine. Due to these events there has been extreme market volatility. The Sub-Fund has been impacted as a result.

The net asset value in pence per share at the balance sheet date and the latest practicable date prior to the publication of the report has been shown in the table below. The increase/(decrease) % is a reflection of market fluctuations during this period.

Share Class	Net asset value per share 31 December 2021	Net asset value per share 14 April 2022	Decrease %
Class A1 Resilience GBP Acc	244.11	204.31	16.3
Class X3 Resilience USD Acc	273.81	220.87	19.33

#### \*Published price

There are no other post balance sheet events which require adjustment or disclosure at the year end.



### **Distribution Tables**

	Distribution payable 2021	Distribution payable 2021
Dividend distributions on accumulation units	р	US¢
Class A1 Resilience GBP Acc	113.636879	
Class X3 Resilience USD Acc		75.574635
	Distribution paid 2020	Distribution paid 2020
Dividend distributions on accumulation units	р	US⊄
Class A1 Resilience GBP Acc	0.000000	
Class X3 Resilience USD Acc		0.000000

The Sub-Fund is tax transparent for income purposes meaning that UK tax-paying shareholders are subject to tax on their share of income, net of allowable expenses, as it arises to the Sub-Fund and not on distributions of income after deduction of expenses.

When a unit is purchased during the distribution year, part of the purchase price of the unit reflects the relevant unit of income and expenses accrued by the Sub-Fund, and this will be disclosed on the contract note. This purchased income and expense, a capital sum, should be deducted from the aggregate accrued income or expense as applicable.

The subscription price disclosed on the contract note reflects the acquisition cost, which should be adjusted by the capital sum referred to above.

It is the responsibility of the unitholder to maintain a record of the relevant amount(s) of income equalisation and to make the appropriate adjustment when completing their tax calculations.



#### Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Fund has adopted FRS 102 and the 2014 SORP.

#### Base Currency

The base currency of the Sub-Fund is Sterling.

#### Revenue Recognition

Revenue from collective investment Schemes, quoted equity and non-equity shares is recognised net of attributable tax credits when the security is quoted ex-dividend. Overseas revenue received after the deduction of withholding tax is shown gross of taxation, with the taxation consequences shown within the taxation charge.

Equalisation received from distributions or accumulations on units or shares in collective investment Schemes is treated as capital and deducted from the cost of the investments. Bank interest and other revenue are recognised on an accruals basis.

#### Stock Dividends

The ordinary element of stocks received in lieu of cash dividends is recognised as revenue of the Sub-Fund but does not form part of the distribution. Any enhancement above the cash dividend is treated as capital.

#### Special Dividends

Special dividends are recognised as either revenue or capital depending upon the nature and circumstances of the dividend.

#### **Expenses**

For accounting purposes, all expenses (other than those relating to the purchase and sale of investments) are charged against revenue for the year on an accruals basis.

#### **Distributions**

Amounts distributable are calculated after excluding expenses borne by capital as agreed by the Manager and Depositary. Scrip dividends will not be distributed.

#### **Valuations**

All investments are valued at their fair value at 3pm on 31 December 2021, being the last business day of the financial year. The fair value of units is bid-price. The fair value of all single priced collective investment Schemes is their single price. Equities listed on recognised stock exchanges are valued by reference to the single or the average of the quoted buying and selling price of the relevant equity. The details of determination of net asset value for the Sub-Fund, including for equities, can be found in the Prospectus of the Sub-Fund at www.equitile.com.

#### Foreign Currencies

Assets and liabilities in currencies other than sterling are translated into sterling at the exchange rates prevailing at 3pm on the last working day of the accounting year. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the transaction date. Where forward positions in currencies are held, these are translated at the appropriate forward rate.

#### Taxation

As the Scheme is an umbrella co-ownership ACS scheme, neither the Scheme nor it's Sub-Fund are subject to the UK tax on income or capital gains. Withholding tax on overseas dividends is accounted for when the security is quoted ex dividend.

#### Dilution Adjustment

Under certain circumstances the Manager may carry out a dilution adjustment, in accordance with the Financial Conduct Authority Regulations, on all subscriptions and redemptions of units, which is paid into the Sub-Fund and included in the Statement of Change in Net Assets Attributable to Unitholders. The adjustment is intended to cover certain dealing charges not included in the mid-market value of the Sub-Fund used in calculating the share price, which could have a diluting effect on the performance of the Sub-Fund.

#### Efficient Portfolio Management

Where appropriate, certain permitted transactions such as derivatives or forward foreign currency transactions may be used for efficient portfolio management. Where such transactions are used to protect revenue, and the circumstances support this, the revenue and expenses derived there from are included in 'Revenue' or 'Expenses' in the Statement of Total Return. Where such transactions are used to protect capital, and the circumstances support this, the gains and losses derived therefrom are included in 'Net capital gains' in the Statement of Total Return. Any positions on such transactions open at the year-end are reflected in the subfund's Portfolio of Investments at their fair value.



#### Internal Control and Risk Management Frameworks

The Manager is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control and risk management systems in relation to the financial reporting process. The Manager has procedures in place to ensure all relevant accounting records of the Scheme are properly maintained and are readily available, including production of annual and semi-annual financial statements. The Manager has appointed HSBC Bank Plc (the "Administrator") as the Scheme's administrator consistent with the regulatory framework applicable to the Scheme. The Administrator has functional responsibility for the preparation of the Scheme's annual and semi-annual Financial Statements and the maintenance of its accounting records. On appointing the Administrator, the Board of Directors (the "Board") of the Manager noted that it is regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority (FCA) and, in the Board's opinion, has significant experience as an Administrator. The Board also noted the independence of the Administrator from the Manager. Subject to the supervision of the Board, the appointment of the Administrator is intended to manage rather than eliminate the risk of failure to achieve the Scheme's financial reporting objectives and can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The annual and semi-annual financial statements of the Scheme are required to be approved by the Board and filed with the FCA within the relevant respective time periods. The statutory financial statements are required to be audited by independent auditors who report annually to the Board on their findings. The Board evaluates and discusses significant accounting and reporting issues as the need arises. The Board reviews the financial statements prior to their approval.

#### Composition of the board of Directors

Unless otherwise determined by an ordinary resolution of the Company in general meeting, the number of Directors may not be less than two. Currently, the Board is composed of five Directors. The business of the Company is managed by the Directors. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Directors. Questions arising at any meeting of the Directors are determined by a majority of votes. The quorum necessary for the transaction of business at a meeting of the Directors is three. The Directors who held office at the date of these financial statements are:

George Cooper, Andrew McNally, Nigel Hellewell, Thor Johan Furuholmen and Xiyang (Daniel) He. Non-executive Directors are Gerald Ashley and Jakob Iqbal

#### Directors' interests and transactions

The Directors of the Management Company are also shareholders and directors of the parent company of Equitile Investments Ltd i.e., Equitile Ltd. There are no external contracts or arrangements of any significance in relation to the business of the Company in which the Directors had any interest any time during the financial year. No Director has any interest, direct or indirect, in any assets which have been or are proposed to be acquired or disposed of by, or issued to, the Company and no Director is materially interested in any contract or arrangement subsisting at the date hereof which is unusual in its nature and conditions or significant in relation to the business of the Company.

More information on Directors is available at https://www.equitile.com/about/who-we-are

#### Transactions with connected persons

Any transaction carried out with a UK UCITS by a management company or depositary to the UK UCITS, the delegates or subdelegates of the management company or depositary, and any associated or group of such a management company, depositary, delegate or sub-delegate ("connected persons") must be carried out as if negotiated at arm's length. Transactions must be in the best interests of the Unitholders. The Directors are satisfied that there are arrangements are firmly in place.

#### Significant events during the financial year

There were no significant events during the year.

#### Statement of Compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with UK Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) and in accordance with the Statement of Recommended Practice for UK Authorised Funds issued by the Investment Management Association in May 2014 and amended in June 2017 (2014 SORP).



#### Internal Control and Risk Management Frameworks

#### **Risk Management Frameworks**

The Manager has a documented risk management framework which details the processes and procedures used to identify, measure, manage and monitor appropriately all risks to which the funds are or may be exposed. The risks covered by the framework include market risk, liquidity risk, currency risk, credit/counterparty risk, operational risk and any other risks that might be material to the funds. The risks are both investment and operational and refer to the risk of loss arising from inadequate or failed processes, people or systems including attempted fraud. The risk framework details:

- the techniques, tools and arrangements including systems and processes used;
- the content and frequency of reports; and
- the allocation of responsibilities between key staff and departments.

The main risk management processes used by the Manager are fully integrated with the daily management of the Sub-Fund's portfolio and is used to measure and monitor market risk, credit / counterparty risk and liquidity risk. A separate process is maintained to track instances of operational risk and monitor amendments to controls made, seeking to ensure that any operational errors do not re-occur. The Manager has a formal structure of which includes an Operating Committee and a Risk management Committee who review the risk profile, including market, credit, operational and liquidity risks, of the Sub-Fund and publish and circulate this information internally on a regular basis. As part of its governance processes, the Manager reviews the performance of the risk management framework and its associated arrangements, processes, systems and techniques on at least an annual basis or after a risk event. The risk management framework is updated by the Manager following any significant change in the business or in risk exposures and at least annually. It is also reviewed by the Depositary.

#### Market Risk

Market risk is the risk of loss arising from fluctuations in the market value of investments held by the funds attributable to changes in market variables, such as equity prices, foreign exchange rates, interest rates or the credit worthiness of an issuer. The risk management framework monitors the levels of market risk to which the funds are exposed in relation to the fund investment objective and policy.

#### Leverage

The Sub-Fund does not use leverage as part of its investment strategy. The Sub-Fund uses the commitment method to calculate global exposure in preference to the VaR method and therefore, although VaR is calculated for internal purposes, it does not form part of the formal limits structure for the Sub-Fund and no details are provided here.

#### Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk exists when the sale of assets or exit of trading positions is impaired by such factors as decreased trading volume, increased price volatility, industry and government regulations, and overall position size and complexity. It may be impossible or costly for the Sub-Fund to liquidate positions rapidly particularly if there are other market participants seeking to dispose of similar assets at the same time or the relevant market is otherwise moving against a position or in the event of trading halts or daily price movement limits on the market or otherwise. Derivative transactions that are particularly large and bonds traded in the secondary market may be less liquid and it may be difficult to achieve fair value on transactions. Closing positions held in the secondary markets prematurely, for instance, to meet client redemption requests, can result in increased transaction costs which will be reflected in the investment returns.

Liquidity risk is the possibility that the fund will not be able to sell its assets without incurring losses within the timeframe required to meet investor redemptions. The asset liquidity profile of the fund is monitored on a regular basis and compared to both historical investor redemption patterns and potential redemption scenarios, with the aim of ensuring that the fund will be able to meet any actual redemptions in a timely manner. The liquidity risk management process includes an assessment of the market turnover, percentage of an issue held by the fund, credit rating of the issuer and/or the buy-sell spread of the market in the securities held where the information is available and is applicable.

Liquidity profile stress tests under both normal and exceptional conditions are conducted on a regular basis. If market liquidity is perceived to be decreasing, the Manager might seek to take any of the following actions to improve the liquidity profile of a fund: maintain higher cash balances; maintain a greater proportion of assets in securities which are traditionally more liquid; diversify the range of issue.

#### Credit Risk

Credit risk comprises both credit issuer risk and counterparty risk. Credit risk is the risk that the counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation. The Sub-Fund will be exposed to a credit risk for the parties with whom it trades. Under normal market conditions the Master Fund remains close to fully invested in equity securities. However, allocations to bonds may be made periodically for the purpose of capital preservation. Investing in sovereign debt, any other debt guaranteed by a sovereign government, or corporate debt entails risks related to the issuer's ability and willingness to repay the principal and pay interest. A default by the issuer of the bond may impact the value of the Master Fund.



### Internal Control and Risk Management Frameworks

Credit risk may also arise through a default by one or several large institutions that are dependent on one another to meet their liquidity or operational needs, so that a default by one institution causes a series of defaults by the other institutions. This is sometimes referred to as a "systemic risk" and may adversely affect financial intermediaries, such as clearing agencies, clearing houses, banks, securities firms and exchanges, with which the Master Scheme interacts on a daily basis.

In line with the fund documentation the Sub-Funds may use FX forwards in order to hedge or manage the FX risk of both the Assets and the share classes.

#### Currency Risk

The investments of the Sub-Fund may be acquired in currencies which are different from its base currency and therefore the performance may be impacted by movements in exchange rate between the base currency and investment currency.

The Manager took the decision to indefinitely suspend the currency hedging program. As a result of this decision there is no currency hedging in place and the price of shares in the fund may therefore rise or fall due to movements in both exchange rates and the value of the underlying investment portfolio. Details of the decision can be found in Investor Notice "Covid-19 FX Hedging Policy" at www.equitile.com.

#### Counterparty Risk

Counterparty risk arises primarily with the financial brokers through whom the Fund buys and sells securities. The Sub-Fund may only transact with brokers from an approved broker list maintained by the Manager. All brokers on the Manager approved list are subject to regular credit and general business checks. The Sub-Fund may also be exposed to counterparty risks arising from the use of forward currency instruments, usually transacted to decrease exposure to foreign currency. These risks are monitored daily.

#### Asset Hedging

The investments of the Sub-Fund may be acquired in currencies which are different from its base currency and therefore the performance may be impacted by movements in exchange rate between the base currency and investment currency. The assets of the Sub-Fund not denominated in its base currency are hedged using Short Dated FX Forwards (OTC Derivatives) to manage currency risks. The risk arising from investing in non-base currency assets is substantially mitigated through the use of FX Forwards.

Hedging techniques employed by the Sub-Fund could involve a variety of derivative transactions. As a result, hedging techniques involve different risks than those of underlying investments, including liquidity risk and the potential for loss in excess of the amount invested. In particular, the variable degree of correlation between price movements of hedging instruments and price movements in the position (including asset positions) being hedged creates the possibility that losses on the hedge may be greater than gains in the value of the Sub-Fund's positions.

In addition, although the contemplated use of these techniques should minimise the risk of loss due to a decline in the value of the hedged position, at the same time they may limit any potential gains resulting from an increase in the value of such positions.

There can be no assurance that hedging transactions will be successful in protecting against adverse market and/or currency movements.



### Assessment of Value

FCA Assessment of Value, provisions are set out in COLL 6.6.19 to 6.6.27 and includes Rules as well as Guidance. The FCA require authorised fund managers (AFMs) to carry out as assessment on value for money of each fund as per the following criterions -

- Quality of service
- Performance
- AFM costs
- Economies of scale
- Comparable market rates
- Comparable services
- Classes of units

The detailed assessment of value document for the Fund are available at www.equitile.com



### Remuneration Disclosures (unaudited)

The provisions of the Undertaking in Collective Investments Schemes Directive ("UCITs V") took effect on 18 March 2016. UK UCITS Managers are required to establish and maintain remuneration policies for its staff which are consistent with and promote sound and effective risk management in line with the UCITS remuneration principles. The Board of Directors has established a remuneration policy to ensure the UCITs Remuneration Code in the UK FCA handbook is met proportionately for all UCITs Remuneration Code Staff. The policy sets out a framework for determining the level of fixed and variable remuneration of staff, including maintaining an appropriate balance between the two.

Arrangements for variable remuneration, where applicable, are calculated primarily by reference to the performance of each individual and the profitability of the relevant business unit. The policy is designed to reward long term performance and long term profitability.

All staff are employed by Equitile Investments Ltd with none employed directly by the Scheme. No performance fee was charged to the Fund for the year ending 31.12.2021 (2020: same)

Under the UCITs V Directive, the Manager is required to disclose information relating to the remuneration paid to its staff, split into fixed and variable remuneration. The total remuneration of those individuals who are fully or partly involved in the activities of the Scheme for the Scheme's financial year ending 31 December 2021, is analysed in the table below:

	Number	Total
	of	Remuneration
	Staff	(£'000)
Fixed Remuneration	8	1079
Variable Remuneration	0	0
Performance Fees	0	0
Code Staff, of which:	8	
Senior Management	8	1079
Other Code Staff	0	0

The staff members included in the above analysis support all the sub-funds managed by the Manager. It is not considered feasible or useful to attempt to apportion these figures to individual sub-funds and are based on assets under management. The Board has reviewed the general principles of the Remuneration Policy and its application in the last year which has resulted in no material changes to the Policy. The details of the Company's Remuneration Policy can be found at <u>www.equitile.com</u>.\*



#### Disclaimer

These materials contain preliminary information that is subject to change and is not intended to be complete or to constitute all the information necessary to adequately evaluate the consequences of making any investment.

This document is being provided solely for informational purposes. The value of an investment may fall or rise. All investments involve risk and past performance is not a guide to future returns. Equitile offers no guarantee against loss or that investment objectives will be achieved.

Equitile does not offer investment advice. Please read the Key Investor Information Document, Prospectus and any other offer documents carefully and consult with your own legal, accounting, tax and other advisors in order to independently assess the merits of an investment. Investors and any potential investors should be aware of local laws governing investments and should read all the relevant documents including any financial statements and scheme particulars as appropriate.

The State of the origin of the Fund is the United Kingdom and the Fund is authorised and regulated by the UK Financial Conduct Authority.